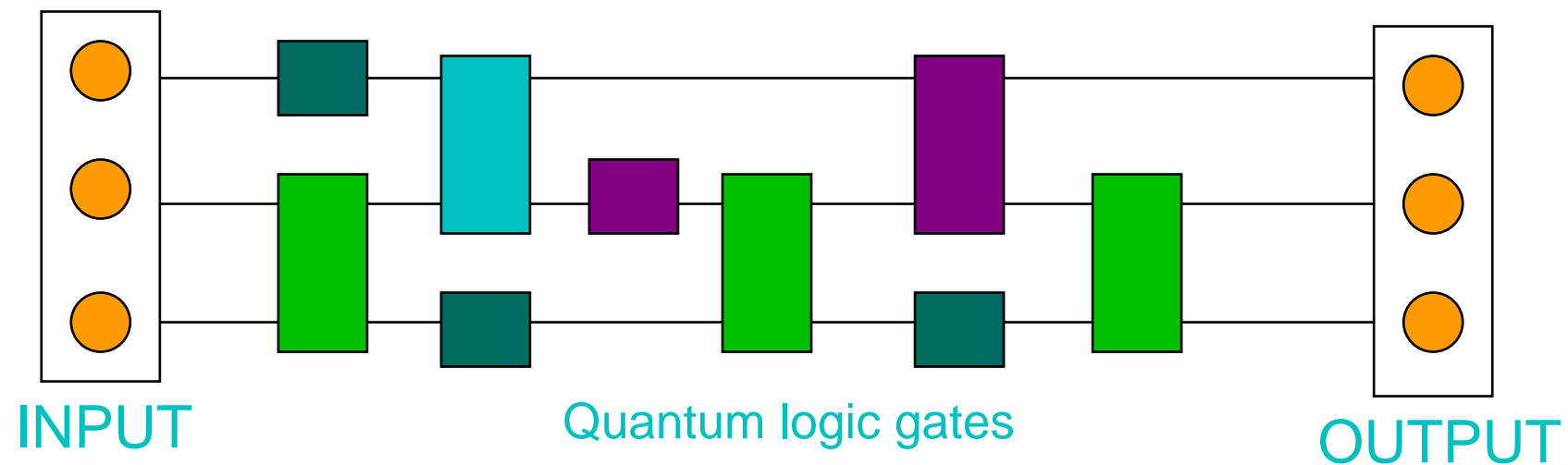
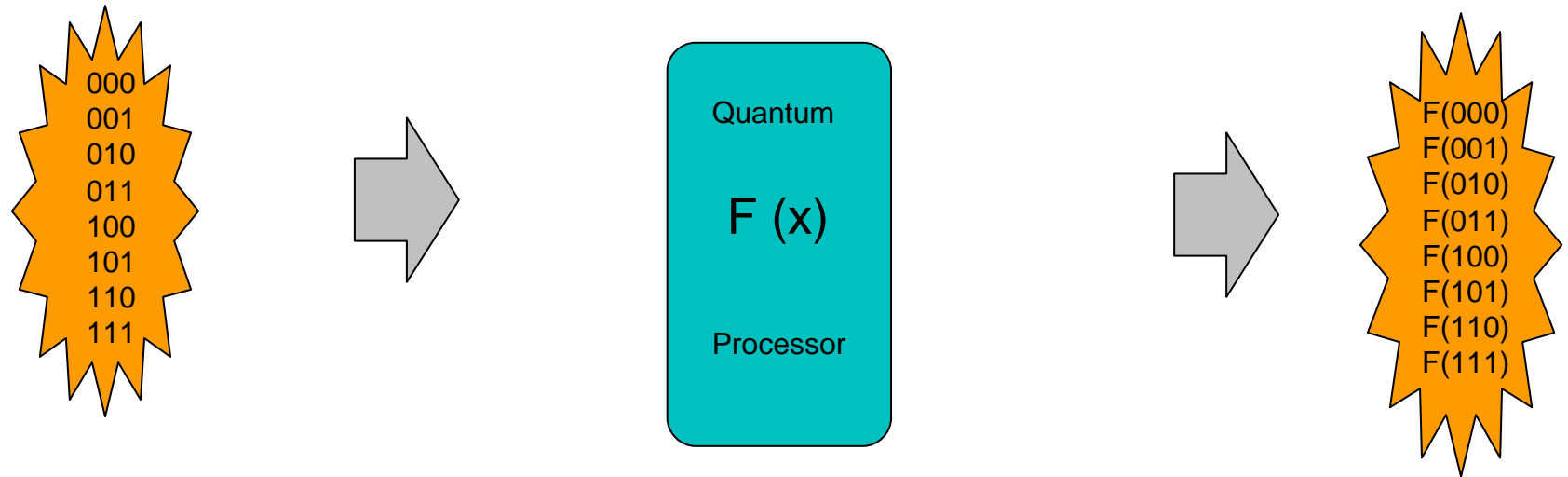


Quantum Information Processing

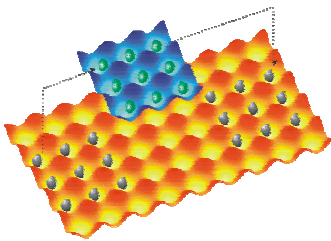
Jonathan Jones



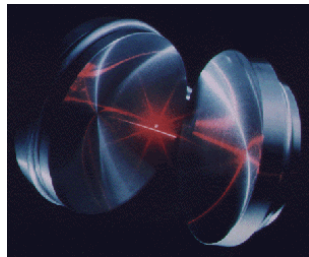
Quantum parallel processing



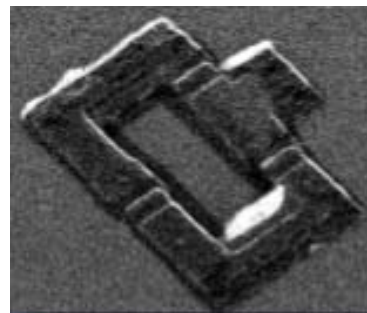
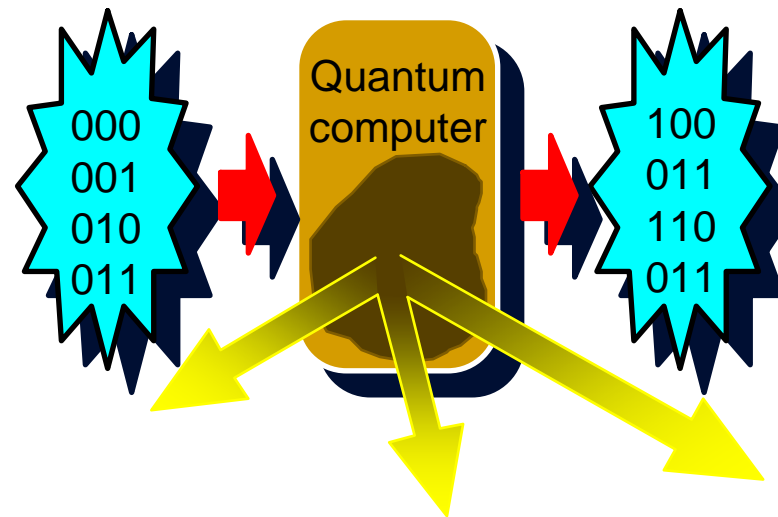
Technologies



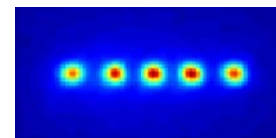
optical lattices



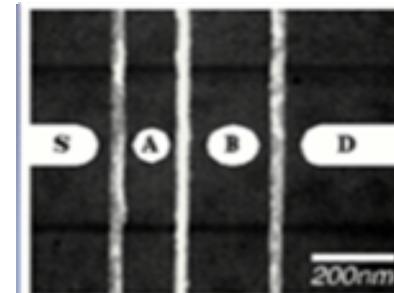
cavity QED



superconductors



ion traps



quantum dots



NMR


















































DiVincenzo criteria

1. **S**calable well characterized qubits
2. **I**nitialization
3. **L**ong decoherence times
4. **U**niversal quantum gates
5. **R**eadout (measurement)
6. **I**nterconvert stationary and flying qubits
7. **T**ransmit flying qubits


SILURIT


ARDA Roadmap 2004

Table 4.0-1
The Mid-Level Quantum Computation Roadmap: Promise Criteria

QC Approach	The DiVincenzo Criteria							
	Quantum Computation						QC Networkability	
	#1	#2	#3	#4	#5		#6	#7
NMR								
Trapped Ion								
Neutral Atom								
Cavity QED								
Optical								
Solid State								
Superconducting								
Unique Qubits	This field is so diverse that it is not feasible to label the criteria with "Promise" symbols.							

Legend:  = a potentially viable approach has achieved sufficient proof of principle

 = a potentially viable approach has been proposed, but there has not been sufficient proof of principle

 = no viable approach is known

Earnshaw's theorem

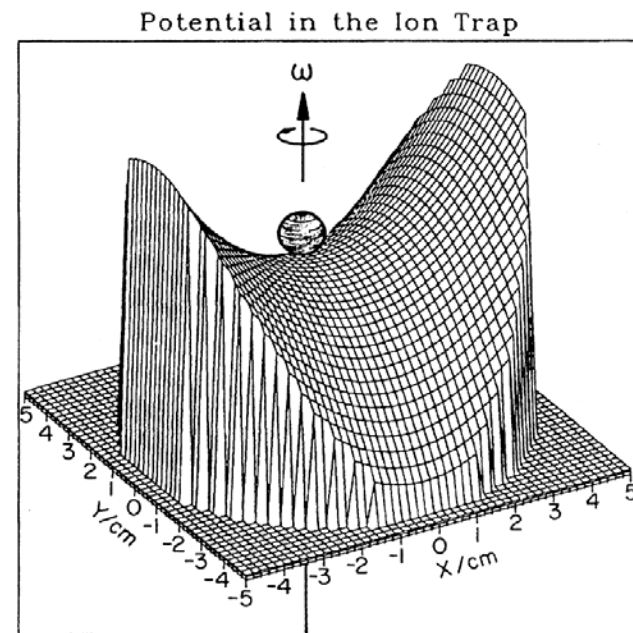
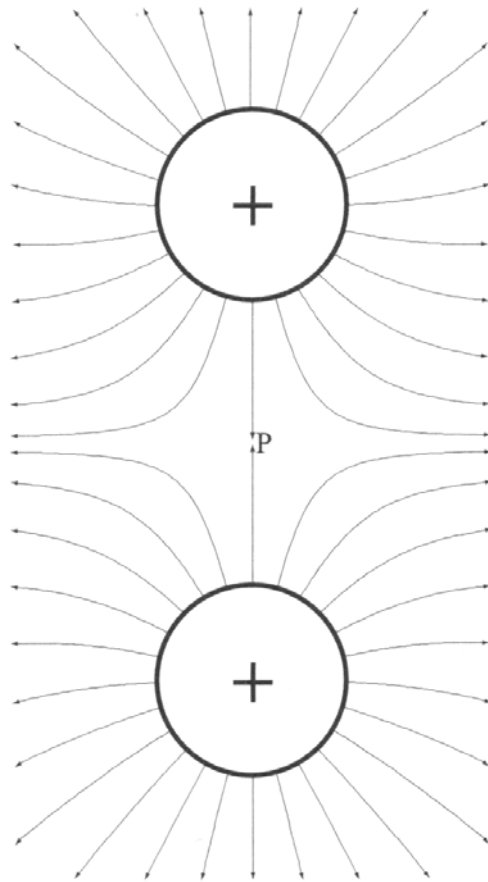
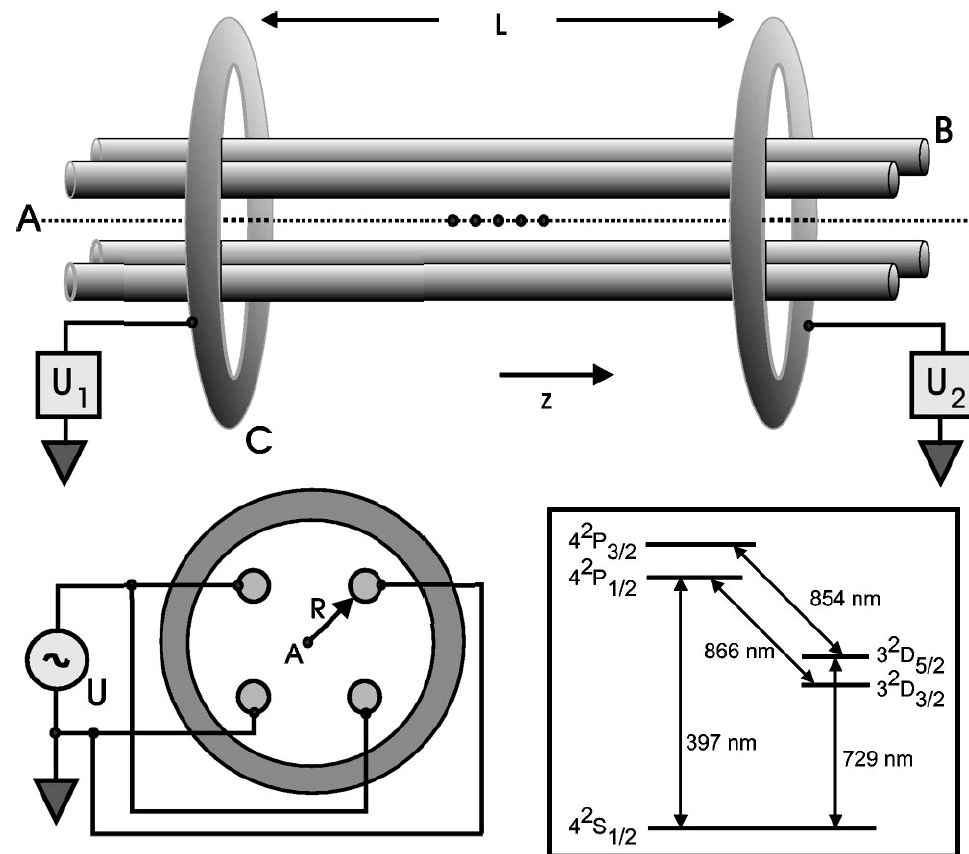


FIG. 8. Mechanical analogue model for the ion trap with steel-ball as "particle."

Ion trap for $^{40}\text{Ca}^+$ ions



Trapped $^{40}\text{Ca}^+$ ions

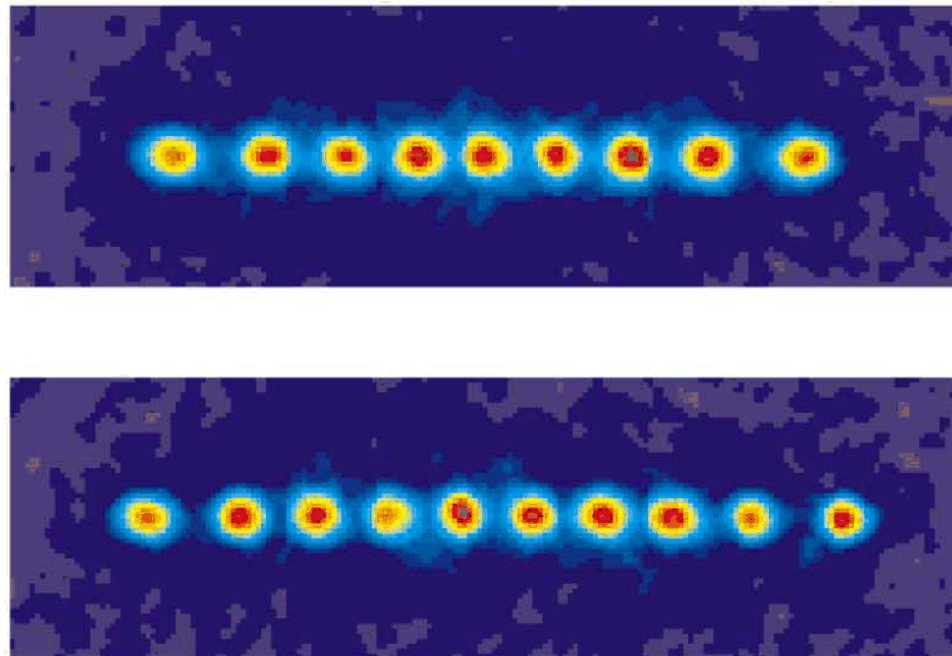
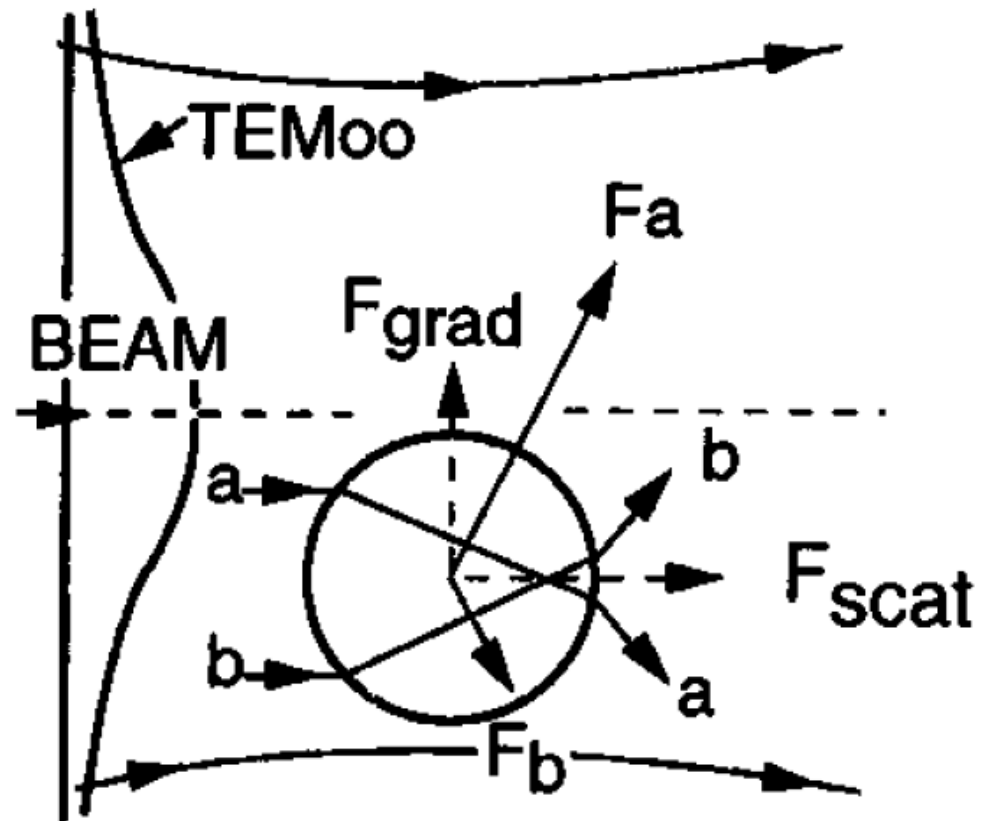
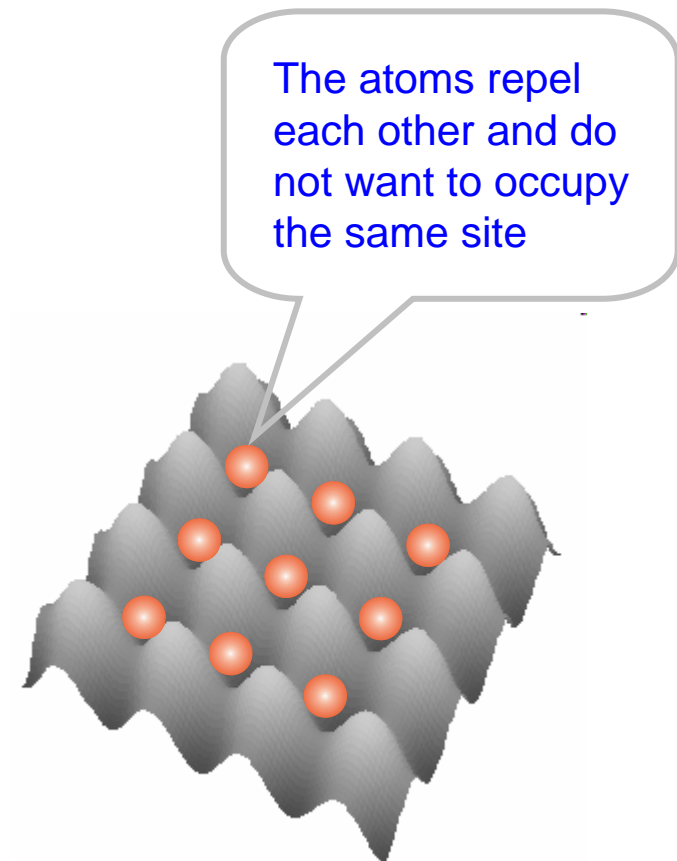
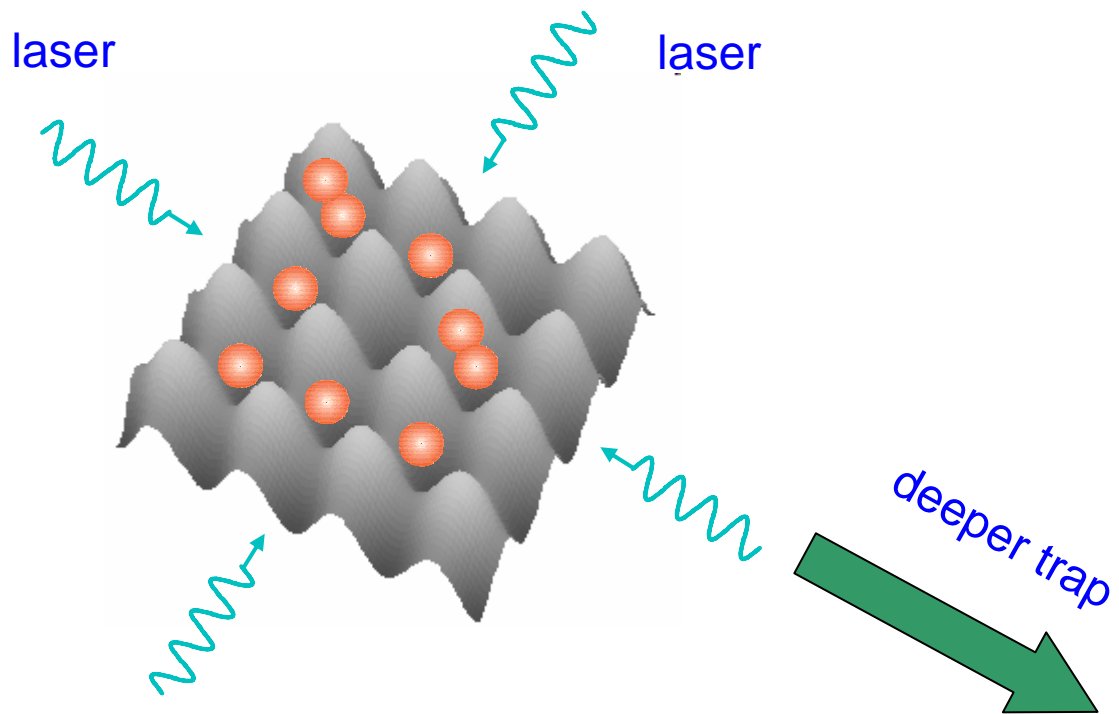


Fig.5. Examples of some small linear strings of ions. The average distance between two ions is about $10\ \mu\text{m}$. The exposure time for the CCD camera was 1 s. The measured resolution of the imaging system consisting of the lens and CCD camera is better than $4\ \mu\text{m}$

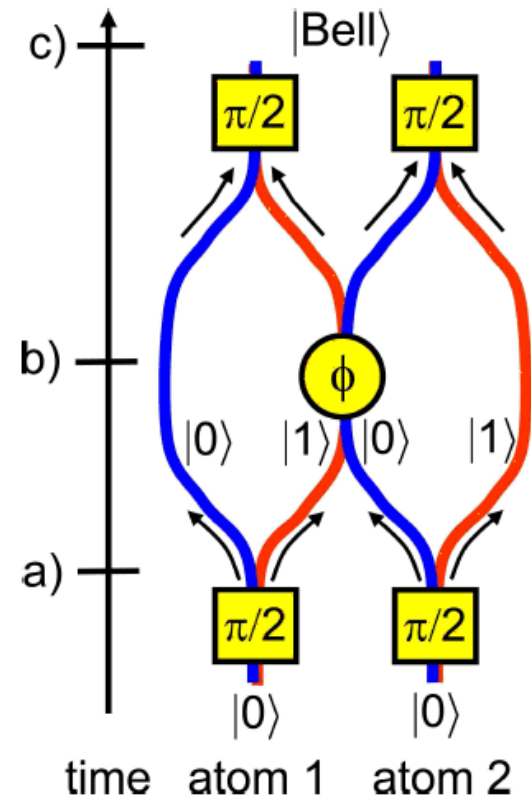
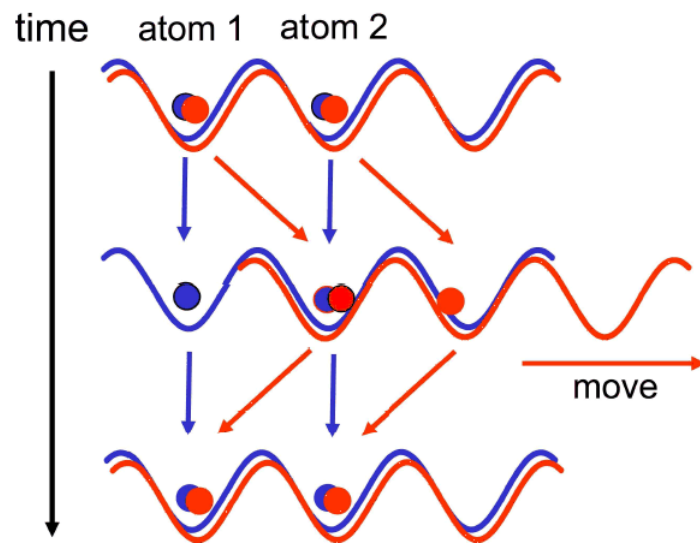
Optical traps





Regular filling by increasing
the interaction in a deep trap

Optical lattice phase gates



$^{40}\text{Ca}^+$ ion readout

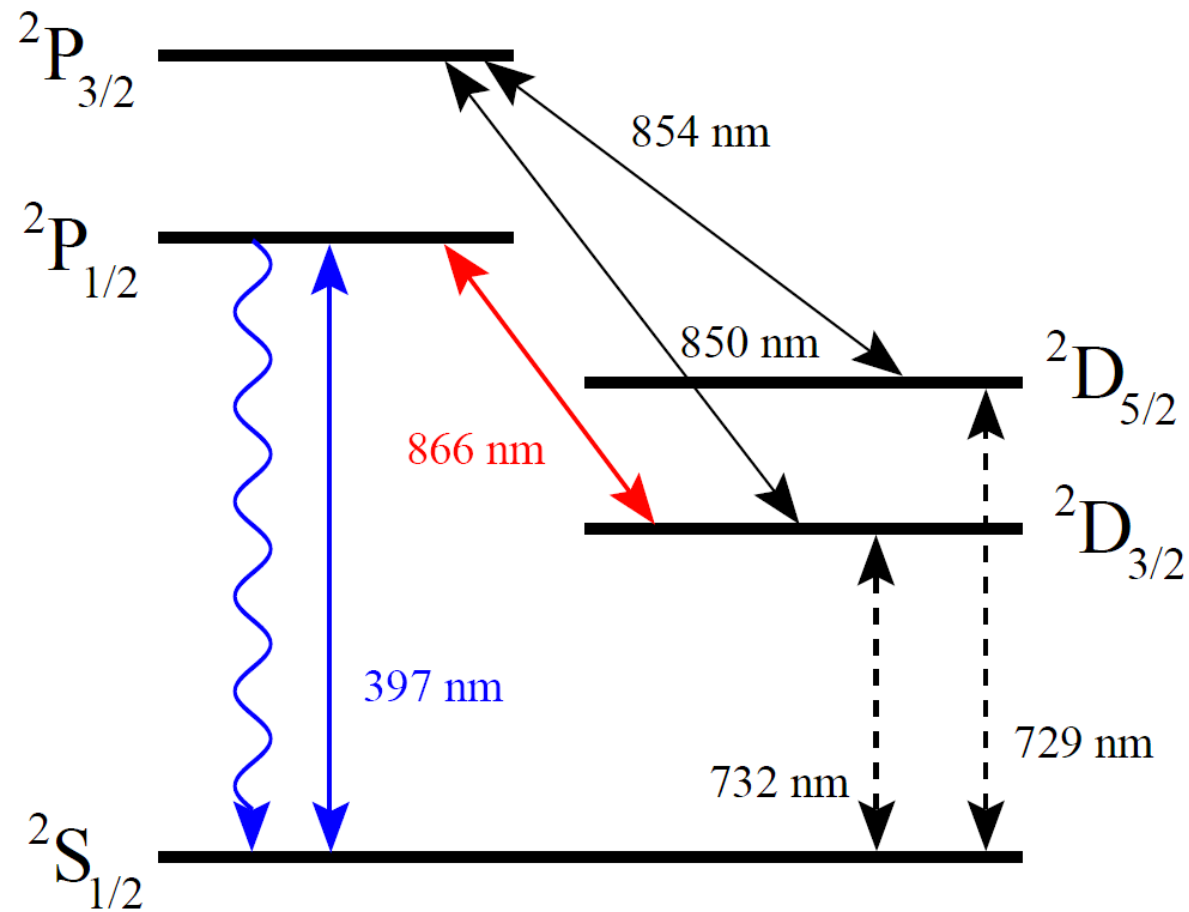
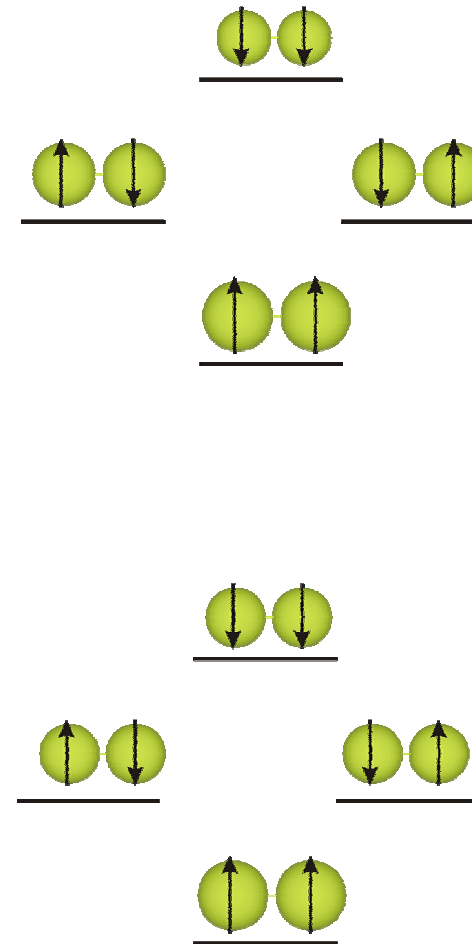


Fig. 1. Level scheme of $^{40}\text{Ca}^+$

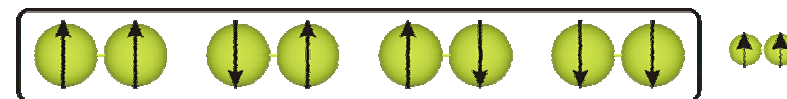
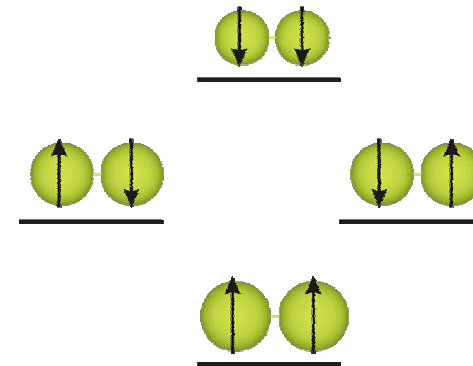
Two spin system

- A homonuclear system of two spin $1/2$ nuclei: four energy levels with nearly equal populations
- Equalise the populations of the upper states leaving a small excess in the lowest level



Two spin system

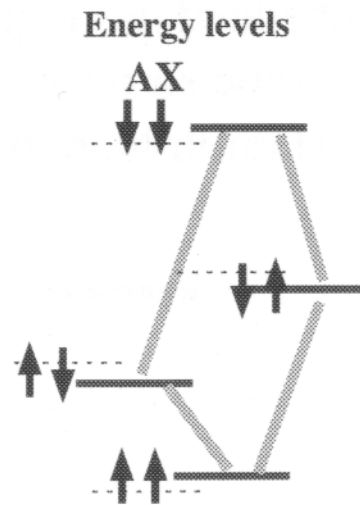
- A homonuclear system of two spin $1/2$ nuclei: four energy levels with nearly equal populations
- Equalise the populations of the upper states leaving a small excess in the lowest level



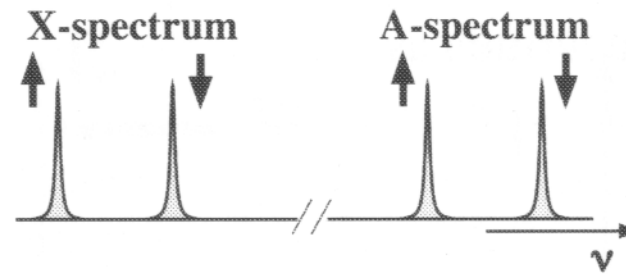
A "pseudo-pure" state

Excess population is exponentially small

NMR levels and spectra



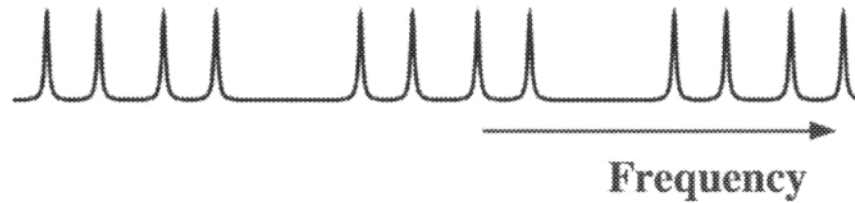
Spectrum



1 qubit

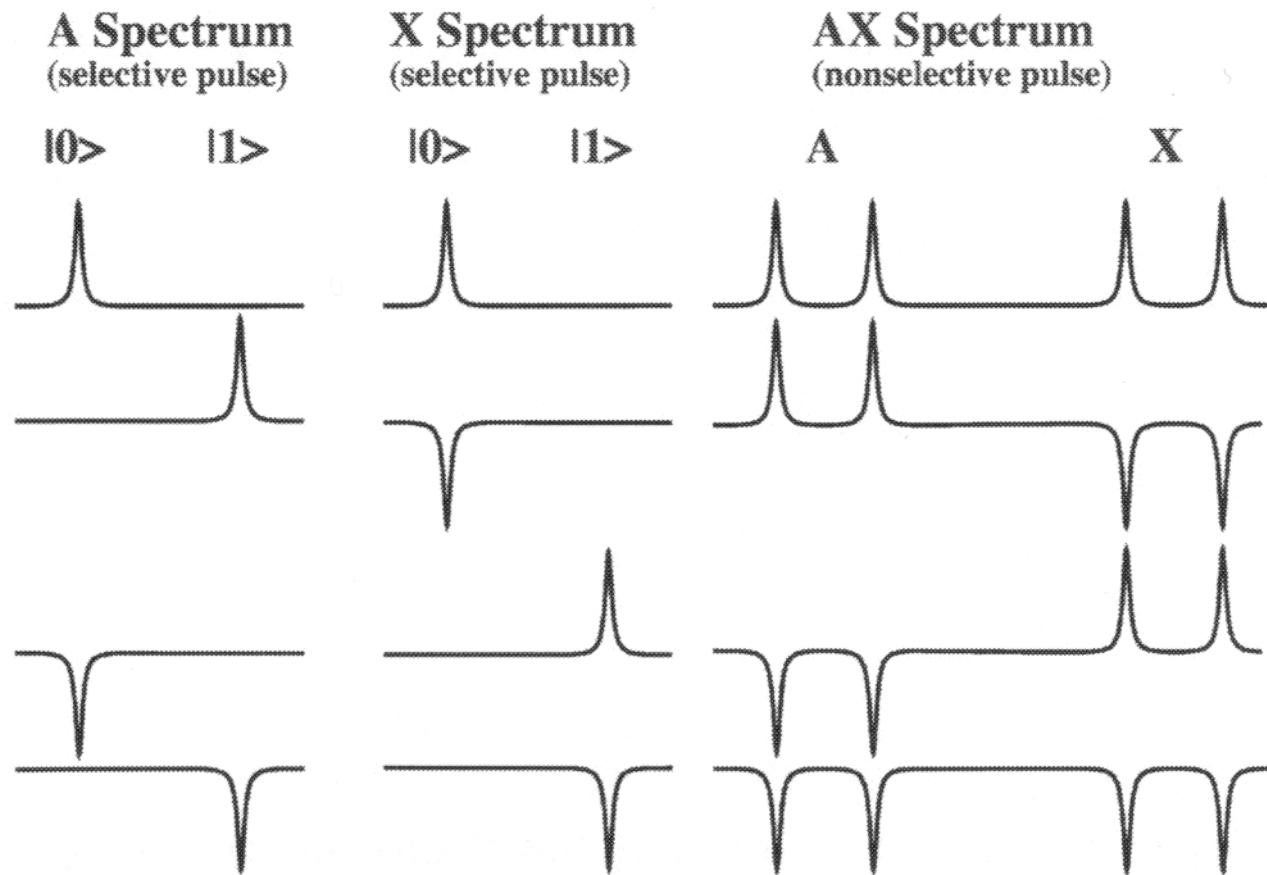


2 qubits

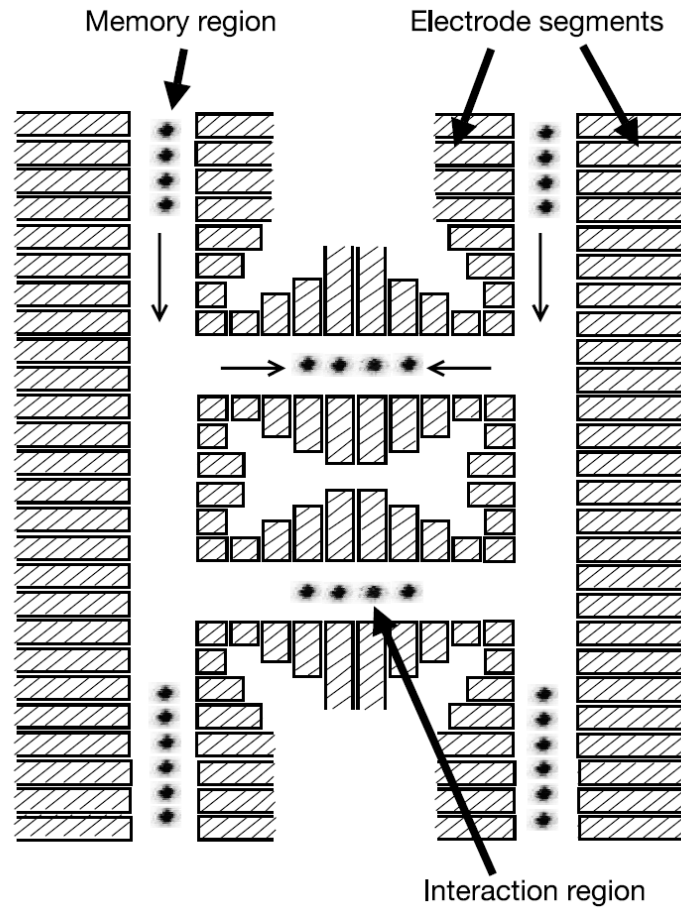


3 qubits

NMR readout



Large scale ion trap QC



Large scale ion experiments

